APM Terminals Bahrain B.S.C CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION 30 JUNE 2019

APM Terminals Bahrain B.S.C

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION for the six-month period ended 30 June 2019

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Independent auditors' report on review of condensed interim financial information

The Board of Directors

APM Terminals Bahrain B.S.C

Hidd, Kingdom of Bahrain

8 August 2019

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying 30 June 2019 condensed interim financial information of APM Terminals Bahrain B.S.C (the "Company"), which comprises:

- the condensed statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019;
- the condensed statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended 30 June 2019;
- the condensed statement of changes in equity for the six-month period ended 30 June 2019;
- the condensed statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2019; and
- notes to the condensed interim financial information.

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting". Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying 30 June 2019 condensed interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting".

Other matter

As discussed in note 2 (a) of the condensed interim financial information, comparatives for three-month period ended 30 June 2018 in the condensed statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income have not been reviewed.



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CR No. 6220

Independent auditors' report on review of condensed interim financial information

The Board of Directors

APM Terminals Bahrain B.S.C

Hidd, Kingdom of Bahrain

8 August 2019

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CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 30 June 2019

BD 000's

	note	30 June	31 December
		2019	2018
		(reviewed)	(audited)
		(1011011)	, , ,
ASSETS		5,764	5,977
Intangible assets			£
Equipment and vehicles	4	24,535	5,818
Total non-current assets		30,299	11,795
Inventories		408	335
*****		1,343	1,665
Trade receivables		984	724
Prepayments and other receivables	5	13,568	20,452
Due from related parties	5		3,998
Cash and cash equivalents		5,754	3,990
			07.474
Total current assets		22,057	27,174
Total assets		52,356	38,969
10141 433013			
MOLUTY AND LADII THE			
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
··· •.			-
Equity	6	0.000	9,000
Share capital	ь	9,000	
Statutory reserve		4,493	4,493
Retained earnings		4,547	9,850
Total equity		18,040	23,343
, out admit			
Liabilities			
Figuilities			
Lease liabilities	7	26,198	8,015
	•	560	505
Employee leaving indemnities			
		26,758	8,520
Total non-current liabilities		20,730	0,020
		0.400	0.570
Trade and other payables		6,126	6,572
Due to related parties	5	378	359
Lease liabilities	7	1,054	175
Total current liabilities		7,558	7,106
I Own Carrott Habitato			
Total lightlities		34,316	15,626
Total liabilities			,
		52,356	38,969
Total equity and liabilities		52,350	30,303

The Company has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019, using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated (note 3).

The condensed interim financial information was approved by the Board of Directors on 8 August 2019 and signed on its behalf by:

BD 000's

David Skov Chairman Fawzi Ahmed Kanoo Vice Chairman

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME for the six-month ended 30 June 2019 BD 000's

		For the six mo	onths ended	For the three r	months ended
	note	30 June 2019 (reviewed)	30 June 2018 (reviewed)	30 June 2019 (reviewed)	30 June 2018 (not
		(reviewed)	(Teviewed)	(reviewed)	reviewed)
Revenue Direct operating expenses	8 9	18,576 (6,714)	18,663 (6,954)	9,188 (3,511)	8,771 (3,566)
Gross Profit		11,862	11,709	5,677	5,205
Other operating income Other operating expenses General and administrative	10	49 (5,021)	34 (5,032)	26 (2,486)	18 (2,354)
expenses		(1,646)	(1,452)	(688)	(671)
Operating profit		5,244	5,259	2,529	2,198
Finance income Finance expense	7	234 (914)	116 (350)	99 (454)	55 (173)
Net finance costs		(680)	(234)	(355)	(118)
Profit for the period		4,564	5,025	2,174	2,080
Other comprehensive income		-	_	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	,	4,564	5,025	2,174	2,080
Earnings per share					
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in fils)		51	56	24	23

The Company has initially applied IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019, using the modified retrospective approach. Under this approach, comparative information is not restated (note 3).

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the six-month ended 30 June 2019

BD 000's

2019 (reviewed)	Share capital	Statutory reserve	Retained earnings	Total
At 1 January 2019	9,000	4,493	9,850	23,343
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	4,564	4,564
Loss on sale of treasury shares, net (note 6)	-	-	(17)	(17)
Dividend declared for 2018	-	-	(9,850)	(9,850)
At 30 June 2019	9,000	4,493	4,547	18,040

2018 (reviewed)

At 1 January 2018

Total comprehensive income for the period

At 30 June 2018

Share capital	Statutory reserve	Retained earnings	Total
9,000	3,447	436	12,883
		5,025	5.025
_	_	5,025	5,025
9,000	3,447	5,461	17,908

The accompanying notes 1 to 17 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the six-month ended 30 June 2019

BD 000's

	30 June 2019 (reviewed)	30 June 2018 (reviewed)
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit for the period	4,564	5,025
Adjustments for: Depreciation Amortisation Finance expense Gain on sale of equipment and vehicles	1,191 213 914 (17)	721 213 350 (2)
Changes in: - Inventories - Trade receivables - Prepayments and other receivables - Trade and other payables - Employee leaving indemnities	(73) 303 (262) (620) 55	(24) (961) 67 (1,039) 109
Net cash generated from operating activities	6,268	4,459
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of equipment and vehicles Placements with related party, net Proceeds from disposal of equipment and vehicles Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities	(269) 6,905 17 6,653	(85) (3,339) 2 (3,422)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments of finance lease liability Payment of finance expenses Payments for purchase of treasury shares Proceeds from sale of treasury shares Dividend paid	(509) (821) (700) 683 (9,818)	(140) (350) - - -
Net cash used in financing activities	(11,165)	(490)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents during the period	1,756	547
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	3,998	2,042
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	5,754	2,589

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1 REPORTING ENTITY

APM Terminals Bahrain B.S.C (the "Company") is a joint stock company incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain on 11 May 2006 under Commercial Registration (CR) number 60982 by the Ministry of Industry and Commerce.

The Company operates the Khalifa Bin Salman Port.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

a) Statement of compliance

This condensed interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, "Interim Financial Reporting", and should be read in conjunction with the Company's last audited financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018 ('last annual financial statements'). This does not include all the information required for a complete set of IFRS financial statements. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Company's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The condensed interim financial information is reviewed, not audited. However, the comparatives for three-month period ended 30 June 2018 condensed statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, have not been reviewed, as the Company did not prepare a condensed interim financial information for that three-month period. The comparatives for the condensed statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows have been extracted from the reviewed condensed interim financial information for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018. The comparatives for the condensed statement of financial position have been extracted from the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

b) Use of judgements and estimates

Preparing the condensed interim financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. In preparing the condensed interim financial information, significant judgments made by the management in applying the accounting policies and key source of estimation of uncertainty were the same as those applied to the audited financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018 except for the new significant judgements related to lessee accounting under IFRS 16, which are described in Note 3(b)(i).

c) Financial risk management

The Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018.

3 SIGNFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies applied in this condensed interim financial information are the same as those applied in the Company's audited financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2018, except as set out below.

The Company has initially adopted IFRS 16 Leases from 1 January 2019. A number of other new standards are effective from 1 January 2019 but did not have a material effect on the Company's condensed interim financial information.

IFRS 16 introduced a single, on-balance sheet accounting model for lessees. As a result, the Company, as a lessee, has recognised right-of-use assets representing its rights to use the underlying assets and lease liabilities representing its obligation to make lease payments. Lessor accounting remains similar to previous accounting policies.

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3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

The Company has applied IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach. Accordingly, the comparative information presented for 2018 has not been restated — i.e. it is presented, as previously reported, under IAS 17 and related interpretations. The details of the changes in accounting policies are disclosed below.

a) Definition of a lease

Previously, the Company determined at contract inception whether an arrangement was or contained a lease under IFRIC 4 Determining Whether an Arrangement contains a Lease. The Company now assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the new definition of a lease. Under IFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company elected to apply the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which transactions are leases. It applied IFRS 16 only to contracts that were previously identified as leases. Contracts that were not identified as leases under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4 were not reassessed.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

b) As a lessee

The Company leases marine service equipment under the sub-concession agreement. As a lessee, the Company previously classified leases as operating or finance leases based on its assessment of whether the lease transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership. Under IFRS 16, the Company recognises right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases – i.e. these leases are on-balance sheet.

However, the Company has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for some leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'equipment and vehicles', the same line item as it presents underlying assets of the same nature that it owns. Right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are presented within investment property. As of 30 June 2019, Company doesn't have any investment property. The carrying amounts of right-of-use assets in equipment and vehicles are as below:

Marine service equipment

19,639 18,994

Balance at 1 January 2019 Balance at 30 June 2019

The Company presents lease liabilities as 'finance lease liability' in the statement of financial position.

i. Significant accounting policy

The Company recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, and subsequently at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for certain remeasurement of the lease liability. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate. The lease liability is subsequently increased by the interest cost on the lease liability and decreased by lease payment made. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in

BD 000's

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

an index or rate, a change in the estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or as appropriate, changes in the assessment of whether a purchase or extension option is reasonably certain to be exercised or a termination option is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has applied judgement to determine the lease term for some lease contracts in which it is a lessee that include renewal options. The assessment of whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise such options impacts the lease term, which significantly affects the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised.

ii. Transition

Previously the Company classified Marine service equipment as operating leases under IAS 17. These include tugs and boats. The lease is for a period of the main KBSP concession agreement.

At transition, for leases classified as operating leases under IAS 17, lease liabilities were measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted at the Company's incremental borrowing rate as at 1 January 2019. Right-of-use assets are measured at an amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments.

The Company used the following practical expedients when applying IFRS 16 to leases previously classified as operating leases under IAS 17.

- Applied the exemption not to recognise right-of-use assets and liabilities for leases with less than 12 months of lease term.
- Excluded initial direct costs from measuring the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application.
- Used hindsight when determining the lease term if the contract contains options to extend or terminate the lease.

c) Impacts on condensed interim financial information

i. On transition

On transition to IFRS 16, the Company recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. The impact on transition is summarised below as at 1 January 2019;

Right-of-use assets presented in equipment and vehicles Lease liabilities

Total19,639
19,639

When measuring lease liabilities for leases that were classified as operating leases, the Company discounted lease payments using its incremental borrowing rate at 1 January 2019. The weighted-average rate applied is 6%.

ii. Impact for the period

As a result of initially applying IFRS 16, in relation to the leases that were previously classified as operating leases, the Company recognised BHD 18,994 of right-of-use assets and BHD 18,388 of lease liabilities as at 30 June 2019. Also, in relation to those leases under IFRS 16, the Company has recognised depreciation and interest costs, instead of operating lease expense. During the six-month period ended 30 June 2019, the Company recognised BHD 644 of depreciation charges and BHD 564 of interest costs from these leases.

4 EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES

On adoption of IFRS 16 on 1 January 2019, the Company has included Right-of-use assets of BD 18,994 as at 30 June 2019. For details, refer to note 3.

5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Related parties include entities over which the Company exercises significant influence, major shareholders, directors and key management personnel of the Company. Transactions with related parties are at agreed terms. The significant related party balances and transactions (excluding compensation to key management personnel) included in this condensed interim financial information are as follows:

Description	Parent/ Group company	Shareholders / entities in which directors are interested	Total
As at 30 June 2019 (Reviewed)			
Assets Trade receivable Placements Interest receivable Other receivables	278 12,721 60 3	506 - - -	784 12,721 60 3
	13,062	506	13,568
Liabilities Trade payable Other payable Accrued expenses Management fee payable Board remuneration payable	- 27 280 32 16	5 - - 18	5 27 280 32 34
	355	23	378

	Parent/ Group	Shareholders / entities in which directors are	
Description	company	interested	Total
For the six-month period ended 30 June 2019 (Reviewed) Income			
Revenue	1,340	2,737	4,077
Finance income	224	,,,,,	224
	1,564	2,737	4,301
Expenses Subcontracting charges*	1,632	-	1,632
Management and administration fee	175	- 1	175
Computer expenses	106	-	106
Board remuneration	16	15	31
Other expenses	-	36	36
	1,929	51	1,980

^{*} Includes lease rental BD 966 paid/ payable to Group company which has been accounted in the condensed interim financial information in line with IFRS 16.

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5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

•		01	
		Shareholders /	
		entities in which	
	Parent/ Group	directors are	
Description	company	interested	Total
As at 31 December 2018 (Audited)			
Assets			
Trade receivable	225	540	765
Placements	19,668	-	19,668
Interest receivable	[′] 18 l	-	18
Other receivable	1	_	1
Cirici receivable	•		<u>'</u>
	19,912	540	20,452
<u>Liabilities</u>	70,012	,	20,.02
Trade payable	4		4
Other payable	15	_	15
	305	5	310
Accrued expenses	1	9	1
Management fee payable	27	_	27
Board remuneration payable	-	3	3
	351	8	359
For the period ended 30 June 2018			
(Reviewed)			
Income			
Revenue	940	2,873	3,813
Finance income	116	2,075	116
Finance income	110		110
	1,056	2,873	3,929
Expenses			
Subcontracting charges	1,602	-	1,602
Management and administration fee	180	-	180
Computer expenses	116	-	116
Board remuneration	2	2	4
Other expenses	87	125	212
	1,987	127	2,114

Other related party transactions for the six-month period ended 30 June

Description	Parent/ Group company	Shareholders / entities in which directors are interested	Total
30 June 2019 (Reviewed)			
Purchase of inventories		2	2
30 June 2018 (Reviewed)			
Purchase of inventories	-	22	22

BD 000's

5 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Key management personnel

Key management personnel of the Company comprise of the Board of Directors and key members of management having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company. The key management personnel compensation is as follows:

Salaries and other short-term benefits Post-employment benefits for the period Board remuneration for the period Post-employment benefits payable

30 June	30 June
2019	2018
(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
477	374
20	22
31	4
40	29

6 SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized share capital / issued and fully paid up 90,000,000 shares of 100 fils each (2018: 90,000,000 shares of 100 fils each)

Treasury shares Nil (2018: 129)

30 June	31 December
2019	2018
(Reviewed)	(Audited)
9,000	9,000

Treasury shares were purchased and sold during the period. Loss of BD 17 was incurred on final sale and recognized in retained earnings.

7 LEASE LIABILITIES

Service concession rights Lease of Marine service equipment

30 June 2019 (Reviewed)	31 December 2018 (Audited)
8,015 19,237	8,190
27,252	8,190

26,198 1,054	8,015 175
27,252	8,190

The interest component on the finance lease liability amounting to BD 914 has been included in the finance expenses in the income statement.

8 REVENUE

Container services General cargo services Marine services

30 June	30 June
2019	2018
(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
8,649	9,257
6,101	6,282
3,826	3,124
18,576	18,663

9 DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Subcontracting charges Salaries and related costs Depreciation Maintenance and repairs Fuel and electricity Other expenses

30 June	30 June
2019	2018
(Reviewed)	(Reviewed)
1,462	2,309
2,553	2,459
1,191	721
564	549
639	626
305	290
6,714	6,954

10 OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Royalty to Government of Bahrain Amortisation of intangible asset

30 June 2019 (Reviewed)	
4,808 213	
5,021	

30 June 2018 (Reviewed)	
4,819 213	
5,032	

11 SEGMENTAL REPORTING

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker of the Company. Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company are the chief operating decision makers. The Company operates only in one Business Segment i.e. 'Port Services' which primarily includes services such as Container services, General Cargo services and Marine services and the activities incidental thereto within Bahrain. The revenue, expenses and results are reviewed only at Company level and therefore no separate operating segment results and disclosures are provided in this condensed interim financial information.

12 FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal, or in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

None of the Company's assets and liabilities are measured at fair value. The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities are classified under the amortized cost category.

13 FX FORWARD

The Company has entered into Forex forward contract with a bank with nominal value of BD 12,096 (2018: Nil).

14 APPROPRIATIONS

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 24 March 2019, final dividend of BD 9,850 was approved for 2018 which has been effected during the period.

Appropriations for the current year, if any, will be made only at the year end.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

for the six months ended 30 June 2019

BD 000's

15 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

30 June 2019 (Reviewed)

> 444 123

31 December 2018 (Audited) 129

Equipment and vehicles Contingent liabilities

16 SEASONALITY

The Company does not have income of seasonal nature.

17 COMPARATIVES

The comparative figures have been regrouped, where necessary, in order to conform to the current period's presentation. Such regrouping did not affect the previously reported profit and total comprehensive income for the period or total equity.